Financial Statements and Additional Information
For the Years Ended
October 31, 2014 and 2013
with
Independent Auditors' Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Commissioners of Niagara Falls Bridge Commission Lewiston, New York

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Niagara Falls Bridge Commission (the "Commission"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of October 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related statements of activities and changes in unrestricted net assets, and of cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission as of October 31, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The additional information included on pages 15 through 18 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Chiangen The Beson Keelin LLP January 26, 2015

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION OCTOBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

ASSETS	2014	2013
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 17,160,213	\$ 12,265,734
Accounts receivable	1,949,403	877,233
Prepaid expenses	399,071	619,767
Investments	33,980,796	15,294,428
Total current assets	53,489,483	29,057,162
NONCURRENT ASSETS:		
Investments	58,881,433	55,430,826
Land, bridges, buildings and equipment, net	299,610,626	320,142,405
Construction in progress - 30 year plan	5,491,951	673,591
Construction in progress - other	14,879,337	11,551,611
Total assets	\$ 432,352,830	\$ 416,855,595
LIABILITIES AND UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Current portion of bonds payable	\$ 6,750,000	\$ 6,405,000
Current portion of postretirement benefit obligation	406,204	362,922
Accounts payable	4,960,640	4,529,141
Accrued wages and related withholdings	1,119,752	1,270,560
Other accrued expenses	174,282	238,613
Bond interest payable	220,310	135,824
Deferred income	1,196,064	1,267,968
Total current liabilities	14,827,252	14,210,028
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Postretirement benefit obligation	19,293,998	18,001,268
Bonds payable, net	58,812,956	31,093,953
Total liabilities	92,934,206	63,305,249
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS:		
Revenue	898,833	(207,610)
Operation	(19,915,072)	(16,597,728)
General	45,430,716	44,924,414
Renewal and replacement	(3,083,946)	(3,993,875)
Debt sinking	3,813,630	4,378,984
Construction	284,628,501	278,669,146
	311,772,662	307,173,331
Cumulative effect of currency translation	27,645,962	46,377,015
Total unrestricted net assets	339,418,624	353,550,346
Total liabilities and unrestricted net assets	\$ 432,352,830	\$ 416,855,595

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

	2014	2013
REVENUES:		
Toll income	\$ 18,907,064	\$ 17,844,607
Rental income	12,171,189	12,702,681
Conditional facilities contribution	-	4,063,562
Construction reimbursement	2,641,963	
Investment income	2,071,198	2,371,024
Miscellaneous	150,450	2,638,222
Total revenues	35,941,864	39,620,096
EXPENSES:		
Administration and overhead	5,968,488	5,709,084
Maintenance	5,132,965	4,977,522
Toll	2,517,990	2,638,150
Management information systems	850,734	837,956
Security	850,899	772,861
Postretirement	1,677,837	1,735,689
Depreciation	9,710,780	7,763,914
Interest on indebtedness	1,714,373	1,922,728
Amortization of bond financing expenses	219,385	231,349
Total expenses	28,643,451	26,589,253
CHANGE IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS BEFORE UNREALIZED LOSS ON INVESTMENTS AND		
CHANGE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION	7,298,413	13,030,843
UNREALIZED LOSS ON INVESTMENTS	(2,699,082)	(1,055,267)
CHANGE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION (See Note 2)	(18,731,053)	(10,822,969)
CHANGE IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS	(14,131,722)	1,152,607
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS - beginning of year	353,550,346	352,397,739
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS - end of year	\$ 339,418,624	\$ 353,550,346

See notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

	2014	2013
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Change in unrestricted net assets before unrealized loss		
on investments and change in foreign currency translation	\$ 7,298,413	\$ 13,030,843
Adjustments to reconcile change in unrestricted net assets before		
unrealized loss on investments and change in foreign currency translation		
to net cash flows provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	9,710,780	7,763,914
Amortization of bond financing expenses	219,385	231,349
Amortization of investment premiums	2,500	16,045
(Gain) loss on sale of investments	187,666	(168,754)
Gain on disposal of property	(1,914)	(18,233)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(1,157,749)	751,406
Prepaid expenses	203,513	(383,820)
Accounts payable	649,614	(2,219,417)
Accrued wages and related withholdings	(103,603)	121,034
Other accrued expenses	(64,325)	61,562
Bond interest payable	84,486	(26,622)
Deferred income	(16,957)	168,683
Postretirement benefit obligation	1,677,837	1,735,689
Net cash provided by operating activities	18,689,646	21,063,679
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from sale of investments	20,770,959	13,846,874
Purchases of investments	(47,691,270)	(14,512,448)
Purchases of land, bridges, buildings and equipment	(14,315,281)	(9,522,308)
Net cash used in investing activities	(41,235,592)	(10,187,882)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Bond principal payments	(6,405,000)	(6,085,000)
Proceeds from bond issue	34,678,027	-
Bond issuance costs	(428,409)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	27,844,618	(6,085,000)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH		
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(404,193)	(180,193)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	4,894,479	4,610,604
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,265,734	7,655,130
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 17,160,213	\$ 12,265,734

See notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

1. ORGANIZATION

The Niagara Falls Bridge Commission (the "Commission") is a public instrumentality created by an Act of the Congress of the United States (Chapter 490, 75th Congress, 3rd Session, as amended) (the "Act") to own, operate and maintain the Rainbow, Whirlpool-Rapids and Lewiston-Queenston bridges across the Niagara River. The Extra Provincial Corporations Act of the Province of Ontario, Canada licenses the Niagara Falls Bridge Commission. Canada and the United States are equally represented on the Niagara Falls Bridge Commission by an eight-member Board of Commissioners. The Commission has no stockholders or equity holders. The Act provides that upon retirement of the Bridge Revenue Bonds, the bridges will be transferred to the State of New York and the Province of Ontario.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The provisions of the Bond Indenture with the Commission's bondholders (the "bond agreement") govern the disposition of revenues and prescribe certain accounting practices of the Commission, which include the conditions for transfer of funds between the various accounts held by the Commission or the trustee and the use of such funds. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are reflected in United States currency. The accounting policies followed by the Commission in preparing financial statements are set forth below.

Reporting and Accounting Guidelines – The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with current accounting standards, which establish standards for external reporting by not-for-profit organizations and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into three net asset categories according to externally (donor) imposed restrictions.

Current accounting standards require that an allocation be made of support costs to the functional activity of the Commission. The Commission's primary functional purpose is to own and operate the Rainbow, Whirlpool-Rapids and Lewiston-Queenston bridges across the Niagara River. All support costs, primarily interest and depreciation, have been charged to that function.

The unrestricted net assets of the Commission consist of the following:

Revenue Net Assets — Revenue net assets represent toll and non-toll revenues which are transferred to other various net asset subgroups to be used for their specific purposes. Non-toll revenues are to be used for payment of operations and maintenance expenses and for renewal and replacement. Toll revenues are first to be used for operating purposes if there is a deficiency of non-toll revenue. The remaining excess of toll revenue must be expended in the following order: (1) to meet debt service requirements of the outstanding bond issues, (2) any remaining renewal and replacement expenses not paid for by non-toll revenues are to be paid for by toll revenues, and (3) any excess is to be deposited into the general net asset subgroup.

Operation Net Assets – Operation net assets represent the portion of expendable funds that are available for all reasonable and necessary operation and maintenance expenses.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

General Net Assets – General net assets consist of undesignated net assets obtained from excess toll revenues, after the replenishment of debt sinking requirements, which may be used for any lawful purpose of the Commission. In addition, a portion of general net assets has been designated to cover net operation deficits that result from the accrual of liabilities, in particular the long-term postretirement benefit liability. The amount designated for such operation deficit is \$19,915,072 and \$16,597,728 as of October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Renewal and Replacement Net Assets – Renewal and replacement net assets represent net assets designated for major or extraordinary renewal, replacement, resurfacing or reconstruction of the Toll Bridge System.

Debt Sinking Net Assets - Debt sinking net assets represent net assets set aside to meet debt service requirements.

Construction Net Assets – Construction net assets represent net assets designated for the capital program for improvements and expansion of the bridges, tolls and toll plazas.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents are highly liquid investments (valued at cost, which approximates fair value) acquired with original maturities of three months or less.

Accounts Receivable – Accounts receivable primarily represents rents receivable from Duty Free and General Services Administration, EZ Pass payments receivable from other EZ Pass agencies and reimbursement from Duty Free America for construction of a new Duty Free store at the Lewiston plaza. During 2014, the Commission implemented EZ Pass as an additional form of electronic toll collection which involves collection of toll via the use of electronic transponders issued by other participating agencies. These agencies then forward payment to the Commission for amounts collected through their transponders. Included in accounts receivable at October 31, 2014 is approximately \$676,000 due from EZ Pass agencies.

Investments — Investments in marketable securities with readily determinable fair values, and all investments in debt securities, are reported at their fair values in the statements of financial position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the statements of activities and changes in unrestricted net assets. If, and when, a determination is made that a decline in fair value below the cost basis is other than temporary, the related investment is written down to its estimated fair value.

Investment Valuation and Income Recognition — The Commission follows accounting standards that were established to determine the fair value of assets and liabilities which are subject to reporting at fair value. This guidance established a hierarchy for the determination of fair value, as well as disclosure requirements relative to those assets and liabilities. The hierarchy identified three levels of input. Level 1 inputs are generally quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities, which are actively traded on an exchange. Level 2 inputs generally consist of market prices for identical assets which are not actively traded or market prices of similar assets or liabilities which are actively traded on an exchange. Level 3 inputs are referred to as unobservable inputs and consist primarily of information derived by management where Level 1 and Level 2 inputs are not available. These may include such things as present value of expected future cash flows or other valuation methodologies. Under the hierarchy, Level 1 inputs are the most preferred followed by Level 2 and Level 3. Level 3 inputs are to be used when neither Level 1 nor Level 2 inputs are available.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

An investment's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for investments measured at fair value as of October 31, 2014 and 2013:

U.S. Government Obligations and Corporate Bonds: Under the Commission's current investment asset strategy, the majority of the Commission's investment assets in this category are classified as Level 1. These assets include government agency bonds, and corporate and treasury bonds. Quoted prices for these securities are provided to the Commission by published market sources.

Canadian Government Obligations and Corporate Bonds: Under the Commission's current investment asset strategy, the Commission's investment assets in this category are classified as Level 1. These assets consist of guaranteed interest certificates. Quoted prices for these securities are based on the amount of interest these investments have earned.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Commission believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in different fair value measurements at the reporting date.

The Commission presents unrealized gains and losses on investments in the statements of activities and changes in unrestricted net assets.

Purchases and sales of obligations and bonds are recorded on a trade date basis. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis.

Cost of Bridges and Related Structures – Bridges and related structures are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets and amounted to \$9,710,780 and \$7,763,914 for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Depreciation is not recorded in the year of acquisition. The estimated useful lives used are as follows:

Bridges	62 – 120 years
Buildings	20-50 years
Equipment	3-15 years

Deferred Income – Deferred income represents prepaid toll payments received as part of the Commission's electronic toll program. The program consists of prepaid deposits linked to an electronic card. Each time a participating patron crosses a bridge, the card is read and their account balance is decreased as toll revenue is recognized.

Letter of Credit – On July 14, 2011, a letter of credit was issued under an agreement with the Royal Bank of Canada as security for the self-insured portion of the deductible on liability insurance. This letter of credit requirement was cancelled by the insurance company during 2014.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue Recognition – The two primary recurring sources of revenue for the Commission consist of toll and rental income. The Commission recognizes toll income as earned and accepts payment in both United States and Canadian currency. The Commission also recognizes monthly rental income from various duty-free shops on an accrual basis. Included in miscellaneous revenues at October 31, 2013 was a one-time lease termination payment from the Canadian National Railway of \$2,451,000.

Foreign Currency Translation – The revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities recorded in Canadian currency have been translated into United States currency in the accompanying financial statements based on the appropriate rates of exchange. Revenues and expenses are translated using an average of the currency exchange rates which prevailed during the fiscal year. The average of the currency exchange rates for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013 were .91748 and .98083, respectively, and resulted in exchange losses of \$(55,721) and \$(145,266) for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Assets and liabilities are translated at currency exchange rates prevailing at the statement of financial position date. The spot rates as of October 31, 2014 and 2013 were .8872 and .959, respectively and resulted in an exchange losses of \$(18,731,053) and \$(10,822,969) for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes – No provision for income tax is recorded because the Commission is a tax-exempt organization as a public instrumentality.

Statement of Cash Flows – Interest paid was \$1,629,887 and \$1,949,350 for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Accounts payable as of October 31, 2014 and 2013, included \$4,380,266 and \$3,965,526 related to additions to land, bridges, buildings and equipment, respectively.

Subsequent Events – Management of the Commission has evaluated the effects of all subsequent events through January 26, 2015, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued, to determine if events or transactions occurring through that date require potential adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements.

Reclassifications – Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2013 financial statements in order to conform to the 2014 presentation.

3. INVESTMENTS

Investments consisted of the following as of October 31, 2014 and 2013:

	2014		201	3			
		Cost		Fair Value	 Cost	I	Fair Value
U.S. government obligations	\$	4,773,488	\$	4,897,316	\$ 8,127,137	\$	8,403,964
U.S. treasury obligations		48,326,500		48,503,557	17,127,783		17,349,696
Canadian corporate bonds							
(stated in U.S. dollars)		20,109,894		22,279,089	22,874,764		27,608,088
U.S. corporate bonds		16,018,437		16,441,988	15,785,347		16,381,031
Global corporate bonds		760,721		740,279	 1,010,979		982,475
	<u>\$</u> _	89,989,040	<u>\$</u>	92,862,229	\$ 64,926,010	<u>\$</u>	70,725,254

3. INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investment maturity as of October 31, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

	2014 Fair Value	2013 Fair Value
Due in less than one year Due from one to five years Due in greater than five years	\$ 33,980,796 44,282,074 14,599,359	\$ 15,294,428 45,885,605 9,545,221
	<u>\$ 92,862,229</u>	<u>\$ 70,725,254</u>

The Commission's investment income, consisting of interest income and amortization of discounts and premiums, was \$2,071,198 and \$2,371,024 for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The unrealized loss on the adjustment of fair value of the investments was \$(2,699,082) and \$(1,055,267) for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The Commission regularly assesses its investment portfolio in order to determine if unrealized losses on individual securities held represent an other-than-temporary decline in fair value, in which case a realized loss would be recognized. The Commission did not deem any securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired as of and for the years ended October 31, 2014 or 2013.

4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Commission uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and to determine fair value disclosures (as discussed in Note 2). The following table presents the balances of the assets of the Commission measured at fair value on a recurring basis at October 31:

		2014		2013
Level 1:				
Bonds:				
U.S. government agencies	\$	4,897,316	\$	8,403,964
U.S. treasury obligations		48,503,557		17,349,696
U.S. corporate bonds		16,441,988		16,381,031
Global corporate bonds		740,279		982,475
Canadian guaranteed interest certificates		22,279,089		27,608,088
Total assets reported at fair value	¢	92.862,229	¢	70.725.254
Total assets reported at fall value	D	74,004,247	<u>D</u>	10,123,234

5. LAND, BRIDGES, BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT, NET

A summary of land, bridges, buildings and equipment as of October 31, 2014 and 2013, is as follows:

		2014	2013
Land and land improvements	\$	28,486,047	\$ 27,781,087
Bridges]	132,990,900	135,811,975
Buildings and leasehold improvements		199,951,921	211,088,826
Equipment		7,690,931	7,000,226
		369,119,799	381,682,114
Less accumulated depreciation		69,509,173	61,539,709
	\$	299,610,626	\$ 320,142,405

Additionally, the Commission has construction in progress – 30 year plan of \$5,491,951 and \$673,591 as of October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively and construction in progress – other of \$14,879,337 and \$11,551,611 as of October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Construction in progress consists primarily of construction costs related to bridge renovations, reconstruction of the Lewiston and Queenston plaza's and outcropping removal at Lewiston. Included in the accompanying statements of activities and changes in unrestricted net assets for the year ended October 31, 2013, is a conditional facilities contribution in the amount of \$4,063,562, that has been received by the Commission to partially offset the construction in progress costs. There was no such contribution made during the year ended October 31, 2014.

6. BONDS PAYABLE

The outstanding bonds are presented net of the discount and premium on bond issuance and financing costs. The discount, premium and financing costs are being amortized on a basis consistent with principal payment due on the bonds.

As of October 31, 2014 and 2013, bridge revenue bonds payable consisted of the following:

	2014	2013
Total outstanding bonds:		
Series 2014A	\$ 33,830,000 \$	-
Series 1993A	30,700,000	30,700,000
Series 1993B	1,250,000	7,655,000
	65,780,000	38,355,000
Premium/discount on bond issuance	907,043	79,011
Prepaid bond financing costs	(1,124,087)	(935,058)
	65,562,956	37,498,953
Less: current portion	6,750,000	6,405,000
	<u>\$ 58,812,956</u> <u>\$</u>	31,093,953

6. BONDS PAYABLE (continued)

Principal payments on the outstanding bonds are due as follows:

2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	5,80 6,10 6,50 6,80	60,000 00,000 00,000 00,000 00,000
Thereafter	33,80 \$ 65,75	00,000

On July 9, 1993, the Commission issued \$133,035,000 of Toll Bridge System Revenue Bonds consisting of \$30,700,000 Series 1993A Weekly Adjustable/Fixed Rate Bonds maturing on October 1, 2019 and \$102,335,000 of Series 1993B 5.2% Fixed Rate Bonds maturing on October 1, 2015. On February 25, 2010 the Commission remarketed the Series 1993A Bonds and replaced these variable rate bonds with 4% fixed rate bonds. The Commission maintains a Sinking Fund Debt Service Reserve representing 125% of the average annual debt service. The balance in the Sinking Fund Debt Service Reserve was approximately \$4,031,900 and \$4,512,900 as of October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

On October 1, 2014, the Commission issued \$33,830,000 of Toll Bridge System Revenue Bonds Series 2014A maturing on October 1, 2044. The net proceeds of approximately \$34,200,000 (after issuance costs and premiums received) are to be used for reconstruction and expansion at the Lewiston Bridge.

The bonds provide, among other things, that the Commission meet specified requirements for debt service coverage. The Commission was in compliance with these requirements as of October 31, 2014.

7. LEASES

The Commission's leasing operations consist primarily of renting various bridge facilities to third parties under operating-type leases, some of which contain renewal options and escalation clauses.

The cost of the leased facilities is included in the statements of financial position as a portion of the cost of bridges and related structures and is not separately determinable.

A schedule by year of minimum future rentals receivable for the next five years under noncancelable operating leases in effect as of October 31, 2014, is as follows:

2015	\$ 7,210,882
2016	6,861,136
2017	5,953,968
2018	4,749,539
2019	4,689,810

The above minimum future rentals for the next five years does not include contingent rentals which may be received under lease agreements based upon gross sales of the lessee.

8. PENSION PLANS

The Commission has defined contribution pension plans covering substantially all full-time employees. The retirement contribution is generally based on length of service and annual compensation. Employees may elect to contribute 3% of their salary to the United States plans and 5% of their salary to the Canadian plans. Contributions by the Commission under the plans amounted to approximately \$465,000 and \$471,000 for the years ended October 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

9. POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Commission has postretirement medical, dental and group life plans. To be eligible to receive benefits in the plans, the employee must be full-time with twenty (20) years of service and have reached age fifty (50) for both United States and Canadian employees.

The accumulated postretirement benefit obligation as of October 31, 2014 and 2013 is summarized below:

		2014		2013
Retirees Active participants	\$	(6,087,298) (17,156,225)		(5,472,331) (19,195,744)
Total	<u>\$</u>	(23,243,523)	<u>\$</u>	(24,668,075)
Plan assets at fair value	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$_</u>	· · ·
Payments for beneficiaries	<u>\$</u>	284,093	\$_	261,988
Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation		2014		2013
in excess of plan assets Unrecognized transition obligation	\$	(23,243,523)	\$	(24,668,075) 10,855
Prior service cost not yet recognized		392,644		546,711
Unrecognized loss		3,150,677		5,746,319
Accrued postretirement benefit cost	<u>\$</u>	(19,700,202)	\$_	(18,364,190)

The assumed health care cost trend rate used in measuring the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation was 8% for the United States and 8% for Canada for the first year, then decreasing 1% for each subsequent year until a floor of 5% is reached, after which it remains constant. The assumed discount rate used in determining the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation was 4.25% for October 31, 2014 and 4.5% for October 31, 2013, respectively.

Benefit payments, which reflect expected future service, are expected to be paid for the years ending October 31 as follows:

2015	\$	406,204
2016		463,158
2017		514,436
2018		577,671
2019		625,203
2020 - 2024	4,	468,032

10. CONTINGENCIES

The Commission is involved in various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of its operations. The Commission believes its ultimate liability, if any, in connection with these matters will not have a material effect on the Commission's results of operations or financial position.

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NIAGARA FALLS BRIDGE COMMISSION

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL POSITION BY NET ASSETS OCTOBER 31, 2014

ASSETS	Revenue	Operation	General	Renewal and Replacement	Debt Sinking	Construction	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Investments Land, bridges, buildings and equipment, net Construction in progress - 30 year plan Construction in progress - other	\$ 742,561 1,494,458	\$ 1,163,598 916 399,071	\$ 7,808,284	\$ 302,430 452,215	\$ 1,661,560	\$ 5,481,780 1,814 25,128,698 299,610,626 5,491,951 14,879,337	\$ 17,160,213 1,949,403 399,071 92,862,229 299,610,626 5,491,951 14,879,337
Total assets LIABILITIES AND UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS	\$ 2,237,019	\$ 1,563,585	\$ 73,169,435	\$ 754,645	\$ 4,033,940	\$ 350,594,206	\$ 432,352,830
Accounts payable Accrued wages and related withholdings Other accrued expenses Bond interest payable Deferred income Postretirement benefit obligation Bonds payable, net	\$ 22,835	\$ 557,539 1,119,752 51,296 - 19,700,202		\$ 3,184,917 - 122,986 - -	\$ 220,310	\$ 1,195,349	\$ 4,960,640 1,119,752 174,282 220,310 1,196,064 19,700,202 65,562,956
Total liabilities	1,218,899	21,428,789		3,307,903	220,310	66,758,305	92,934,206
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS							
Revenue Operation General Renewal and replacement Debt sinking Construction	898,833	(19,915,072)	45,430,716	(3,083,946)	3,813,630	284,628,501 284,628,501	898,833 (19,915,072) 45,430,716 (3,083,946) 3,813,630 284,628,501 311,772,662
Cumulative effect of currency translation	119,287	49,868	27,738,719	530,688		(792,600)	27,645,962
Total unrestricted net assets	1,018,120	(19,865,204)	73,169,435	(2,553,258)	3,813,630	283,835,901	339,418,624
Total liabilities and unrestricted net assets	\$ 2,237,019	\$ 1,563,585	\$ 73,169,435	\$ 754,645	\$ 4,033,940	\$ 350,594,206	\$ 432,352,830

NIAGARA FALLS BRIDGE COMMISSION

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS BY NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014

	Revenue	Operation	General	Renewal and Replacement	Debt Sinking	Construction	Total
KEVENUES: Toll income	\$ 18,907,064	÷	• <	t €49	₩	1 €⁄3	\$ 18,907,064
Rental income	12,171,189	ı	1	•		•	12,171,189
Construction reimbursement		,	1	2,641,963	1	4	2,641,963
Investment income	563	2,424	2,019,449	1,100	47,662	1	2,071,198
Miscellaneous	105,556	23,945	1	20,949		ŧ	150,450
Total revenues	31,184,372	26,369	2,019,449	2,664,012	47,662	I	35,941,864
EXPENSES: Administration and overhead	ı	5 910 147	58 341		,	•	5.968.488
Maintenance	ı	5,081,698		51,267	•	ı	5,132,965
Toll	471	2,517,519	٠		1	1	2,517,990
Management information systems	,	850,734	•	•	,	ı	850,734
Security	1	850,899		•	•	ľ	850,899
Postretirement	•	1,677,837	•	ı	•	1	1,677,837
Depreciation	•		•	•		9,710,780	9,710,780
Interest on indebtedness	1	,		•	1,714,373	•	1,714,373
Amortization of bond financing expenses	1	1	-	3	•	219,385	219,385
Total expenses	471	16,888,834	58,341	51,267	1,714,373	9,930,165	28,643,451
CHANGE IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS BEFORE REALIZED AND UNREALIZED LOSS ON INVESTMENTS AND CHANGE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION	31,183,901	(16,862,465)	1,961,108	2,612,745	(1,666,711)	(9,930,165)	7,298,413
REALIZED AND UNREALIZED LOSS ON INVESTMENTS	•	•	(2,656,125)	•	(28,643)	(14,314)	(2,699,082)
CHANGE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION	14,013	391,794	(2,317,126)	172,374	1	(16,992,108)	(18,731,053)
CHANGE IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS	31,197,914	(16,470,671)	(3,012,143)	2,785,119	(1,695,354)	(26,936,587)	(14,131,722)
TRANSFER OF NET ASSETS	(30,077,458)	13,545,122	1,201,318	(1,702,816)	1,130,000	15,903,834	t
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS - beginning of year	(102,336)	(16,939,655)	74,980,260	(3,635,561)	4,378,984	294,868,654	353,550,346
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS - end of year	\$ 1,018,120	\$ (19,865,204)	\$ 73,169,435	\$ (2,553,258)	\$ 3,813,630	\$ 283,835,901	\$ 339,418,624

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITIES BY FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2014

	Total	Foreign Exchange	Subtotal	U.S. Operations in U.S. \$	Canadian Operations in CA \$
REVENUES:					With the design of the design of the second supplementation of the second secon
Toll income	\$ 18,907,064	\$ (826,723)	\$ 19,733,787	\$ 9,755,479	\$ 9,978,308
Rental income	12,171,189	(291,093)	12,462,282	8,948,872	3,513,410
Construction reimbursement	2,641,963	ı	2,641,963	2,641,963	ı
Investment income	2,071,198	(80,411)	2,151,609	1,181,093	970,516
Miscellaneous	150,450	(8,704)	159,154	54,104	105,050
Total revenues	35,941,864	(1,206,931)	37,148,795	22,581,511	14,567,284
EXPENSES:					
Administration and overhead	5,968,488	(297,720)	6,266,208	2,672,823	3,593,385
Maintenance	5,132,965	(221,255)	5,354,220	2,683,738	2,670,482
Toll	2,517,990	(106,236)	2,624,226	1,341,992	1,282,234
Management information systems	850,734	(14,466)	865,200	690,595	174,605
Security	850,899	(33,367)	884,266	481,538	402,728
Postretirement	1,677,837	(23,607)	1,701,444	1,416,516	284,928
Depreciation	9,710,780	(454,559)	10,165,339	4,678,952	5,486,387
Interest on indebtedness	1,714,373	•	1,714,373	1,714,373	1
Amortization of bond financing expenses	219,385	1	219,385	219,385	1
Total expenses	28,643,451	(1,151,210)	29,794,661	15,899,912	13,894,749
CHANGE IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS BEFORE UNREALIZED LOSS ON INVESTMENTS AND CHANGE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION	\$ 7,298,413	\$ (55,721)	\$ 7,354,134	\$ 6,681,599	\$ 672,535

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITIES BY FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2013

Canadian Operations in CA \$	\$ 9.283.129	3,446,426	4,142,983	782,765	1,346,000	19,001,303		3,210,510	2,557,757	1,356,466	171,055	345,348	336,670	3,445,759	1	1	11,423,565	\$ 7,577,738
U.S. Operations in U.S. \$	\$ 8.739.435	9,322,323	1	1,603,265	1,318,025	20,983,048		2,560,119	2,468,797	1,307,687	670,180	434,133	1,405,473	4,384,211	1,922,728	231,349	15,384,677	\$ 5,598,371
Subtotal	18.022.564	12,768,749	4,142,983	2,386,030	2,664,025	39,984,351		5,770,629	5,026,554	2,664,153	841,235	779,481	1,742,143	7,829,970	1,922,728	231,349	26,808,242	\$ 13,176,109
Foreign Exchange	(177.957)		(79,421)	(15,006)	(25,803)	(364,255)		(61,545)	(49,032)	(26,003)	(3,279)	(6,620)	(6,454)	(950,99)	1	1	(218,989)	\$ (145,266)
Total	\$ 17.844.607	12,702,681	4,063,562	2,371,024	2,638,222	39,620,096		5,709,084	4,977,522	2,638,150	837,956	772,861	1,735,689	7,763,914	1,922,728	231,349	26,589,253	\$ 13,030,843
	REVENUES: Toll income	Rental income	Conditional facilities contribution	Investment income	Miscellaneous	Total revenues	EXPENSES:	Administration and overhead	Maintenance	Toll	Management information systems	Security	Postretirement	Depreciation	Interest on indebtedness	Amortization of bond financing expenses	Total expenses	CHANGE IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS BEFORE UNREALIZED LOSS ON INVESTMENTS AND CHANGE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION